CS 295B/CS 395B Systems for Knowledge Discovery

Rethinking Industrial Roles



End-of-Semester Logistics: Schedule

- Today: Last traditional lecture
- Monday: Last paper presentations/reviews (reviews due Sun. night!)
- Wednesday: Tentative Online Only guest lecture/Q&A

Alex Passos, former tech lead TensorFlow

scikitlearn OG contributor/author

Expertise: ML systems at scale



Interview about TF eager:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ow3GkOUAfuM



End-of-Semester Logistics: Schedule

- Today: Last traditional lecture
- Monday: Last paper presentations/reviews (reviews due Sun. night!)
- Wednesday: Tentative Online Only guest lecture/Q&A
- Friday: Final class
 - Future work in this area (~30mins)
 - Course evaluations (20mins, I will leave the room)

End-of-Semester Logistics: Grad Final Projects

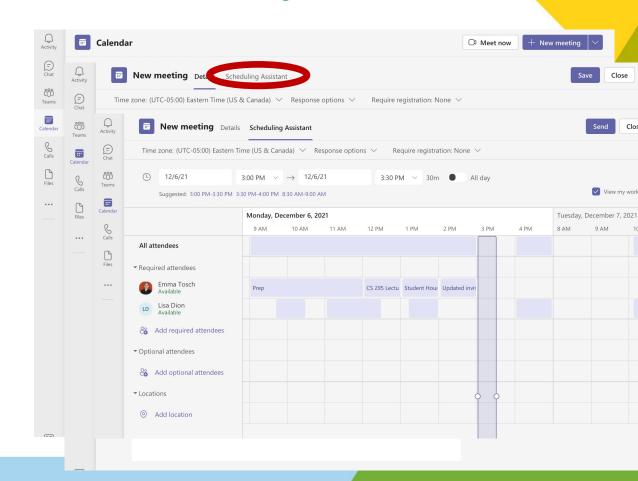
Reminder: Upload to BB by 10:30am Thurs Dec 16

Guidelines to be released this weekend

Email me or self-schedule to meet and discuss:

- Teams -> Calendar icon (left panel)
 - Click on (soonest) time you want
 - Scheduling Assistant tab

Reminder: I WFH on Tues & Thurs

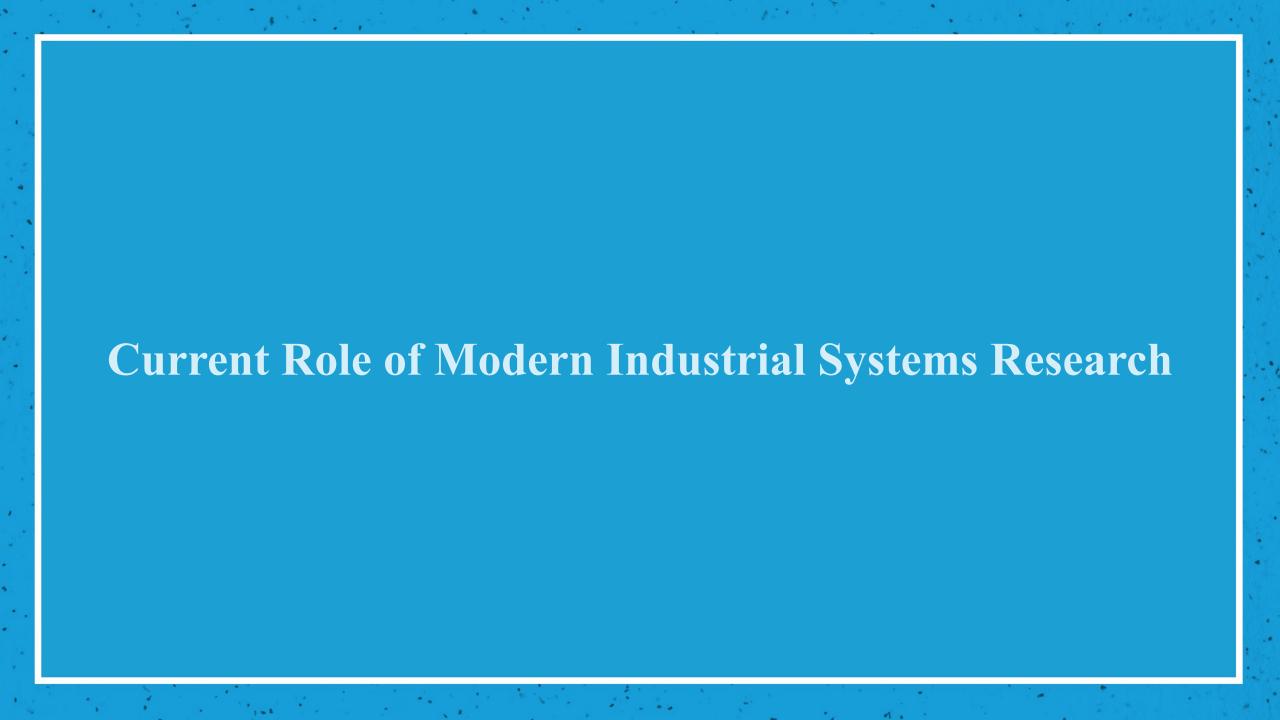


Topics today

1) Current role of modern industrial systems research

2) Building tools vs. Governing usage of those tools

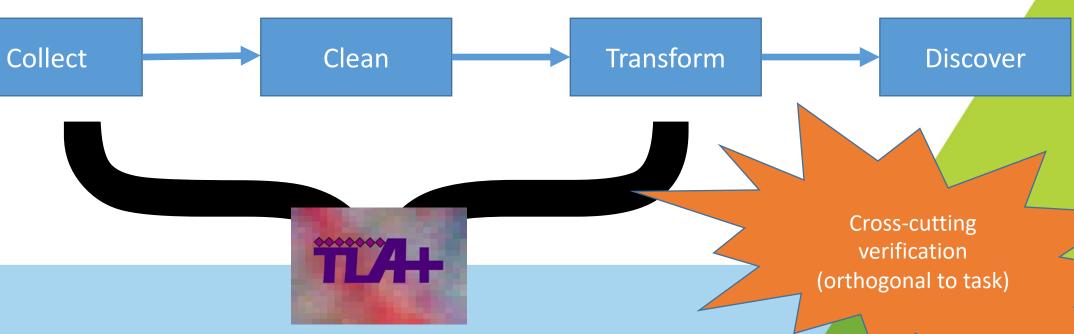
i.e., from systems to knowledge discovery



Last Class

Most systems-y papers we have seen so far

Where's the KDD?



Can build a large system for just one task



What industry adds

Scale – simply more users/machines

Applications/Applicability – ability to evaluate over more data/scenarios

New problems – scale + real-life use can highlight problems not seen before

Engineering clout – i.e., why these systems are actually used

Money – both internally (to fund this work) and externally (academic grants)

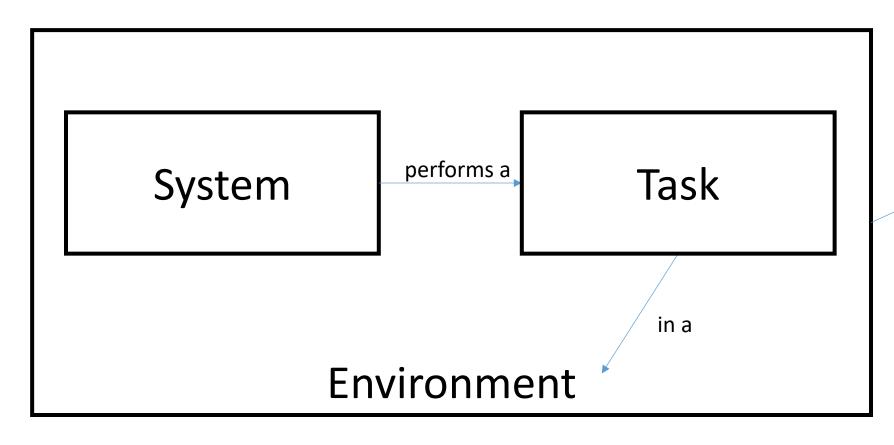
Industrial complications

Money – a blessing and a curse

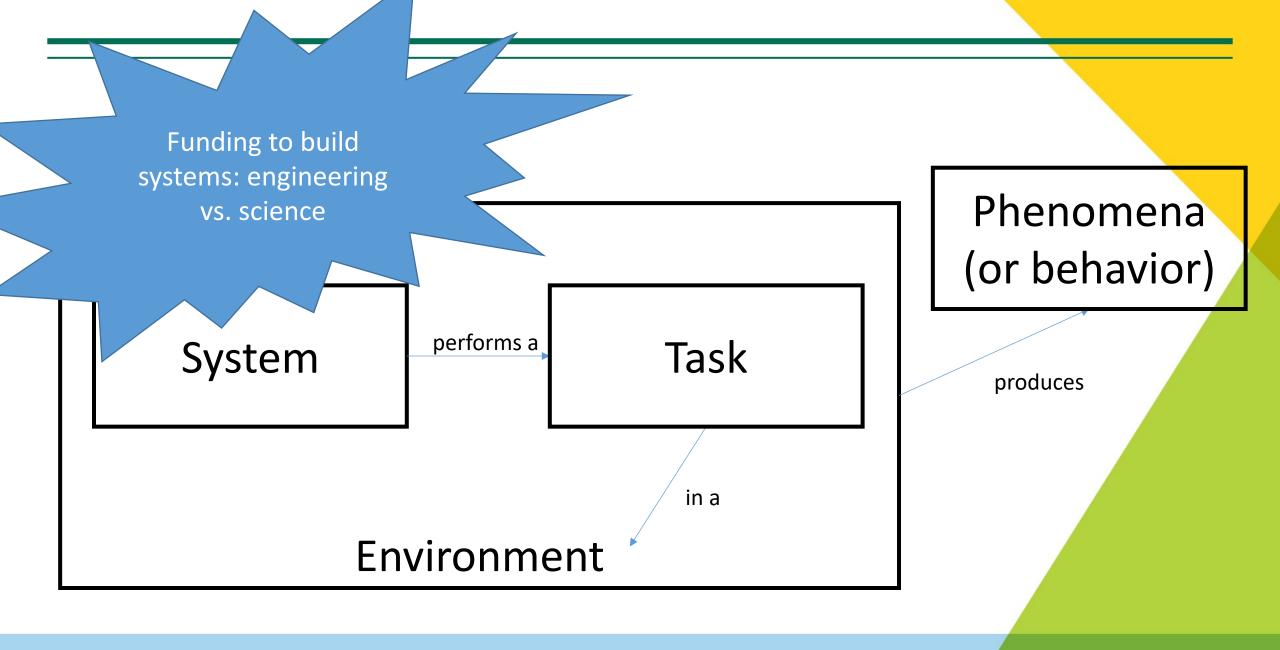
- Resource that powers all research (unless you are independently wealthy)
- Can drive interest away from basic research toward applied

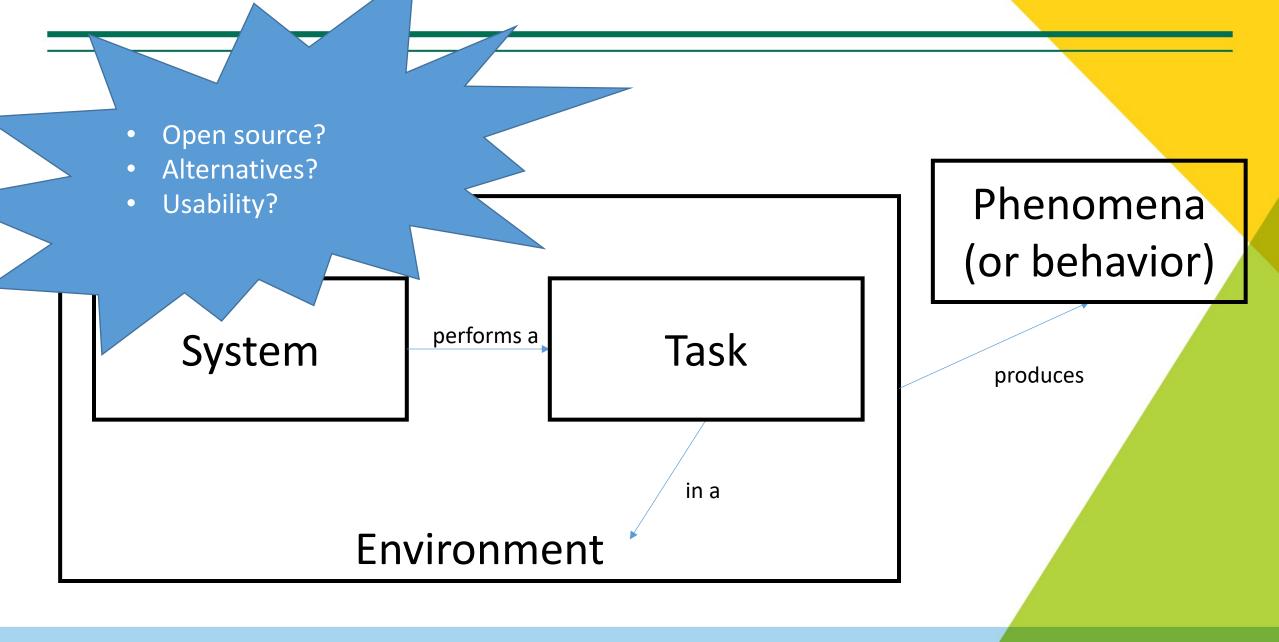
Boards of directors, public relations can influence study of phenomena

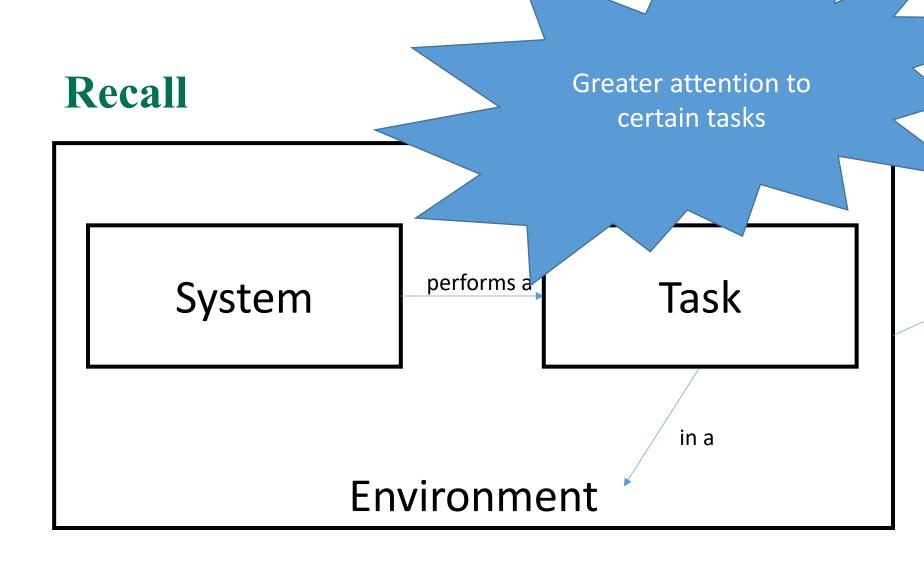
Recall



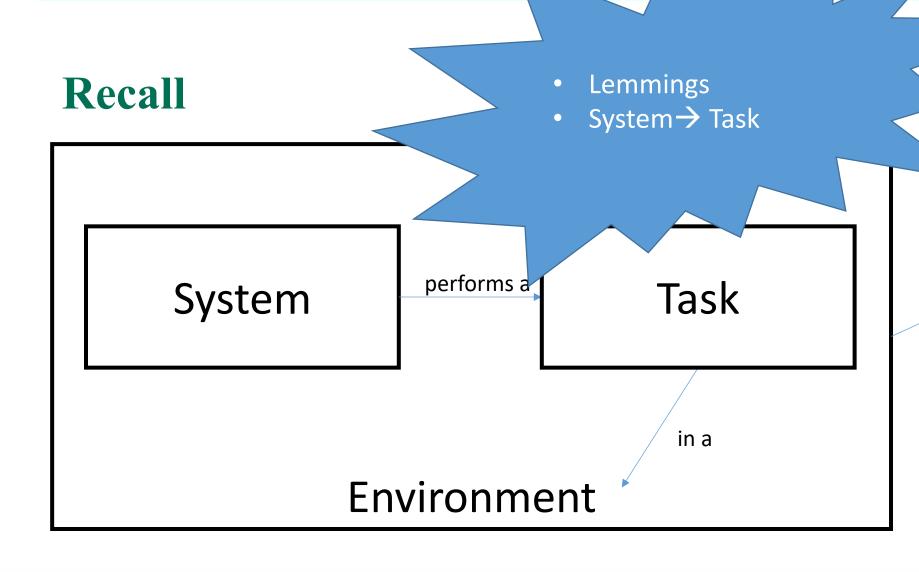
Phenomena (or behavior)







Phenomena (or behavior)



Phenomena (or behavior)

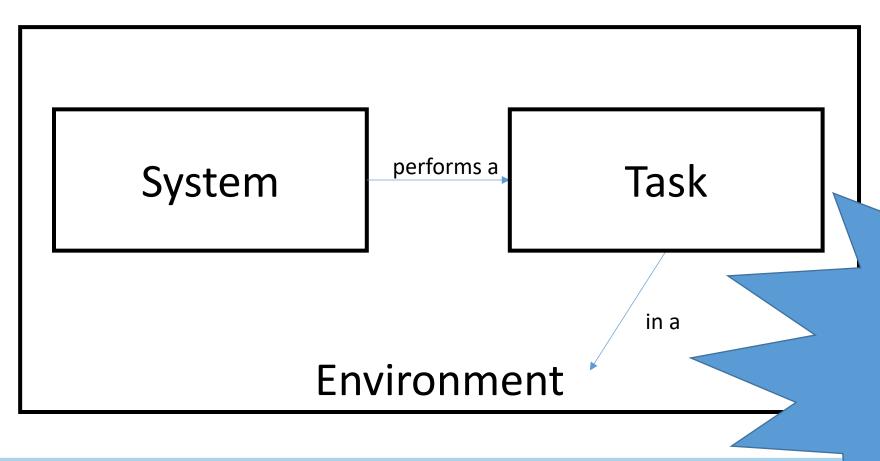
Recall Maintenance of Systen environment (again, not research) in a Environment

Phenomena (or behavior)

Recall Control of Systen Environment SaaS? Platforms? in a Environment

Phenomena (or behavior)

Recall



Phenomena (or behavior)

pr

Who decides what phenomena we can study (e.g., via APIs)?

Threats

- Limits on questions (e.g., phenomena)
- Non-reproducible methods (who controls the software/platforms?)
 - Is this actually bad? (see: CERN)
- No reason to register hypotheses
- Publicity machines
 - Undermines double-blind
 - Early press releases set unrealistic expectations
 - Problems with communicating with the public

Models of Science in Industry: How much of a wall?

- Bell Labs fairly strong division between basic and applied research
 - Today: similar to government contractors (MITRE, Leidos, BBN, SRI, etc.)
- MSR pre-2014ish: strong division (esp. for RiSE)
 - Today: MSRNext more integrated
- Google pre-2014ish: strongly integrated with applications
 - Today: Google Brain, DeepMind less integrated
- Facebook tends to mimic Google

Reflect

Can you do good science in an industrial setting?

What safeguards exist?

Can you do good science in a for-profit context?

What are the incentives?

Building Tools vs. Governing Usage

Reminder: about studying tools

- KDD = "Knowledge Discovery in Databases"
- KDD subsumed by "data science"
- I will not be teaching data analytics, data science, nor data mining in this course. Instead we will focus on tool support for these tasks and discuss how to design and augment existing systems, specifically for data collection tasks.

Reminder: about studying tools

Current discourse around industrial

- research focuses on phenomena.
- KDD subsumed by "data science"
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this corbess discourse around tools.

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data collection tasks.

Tension: Tools vs. Frameworks vs. Platforms

What is a tool?

Software designed and used for a specific purpose.

What is a framework?

Collection of tools designed and used in concert for a specific purpose.

What is a platform?

Complete SW/HW foundation designed and used for enabling behavior.

Scale

Complexity?

Uncertainty?

Theme: "correctness"

Tension: Tools vs. Frameworks vs. Platforms

- Verification and Validation
- Methods:
 - Formalisms sed for a specific purpose.
- whe Empirical analyses
 - Case studies a and used in concert for a specific purpose.
- Recall: correctness is something author/developer decides

Complete SW/HW foundation designed and used for enabling behavior

Tension: Tools vs. Frame orks vs. Platforms

What is a too

So

Whatie

Are developers responsible for how their tools are used?

Cone

W

Complete S

MW foundation designed and usea

Scale

rexity?

Should we update notions of "correctness" (at least, validation) in light of use?

Where to draw the line?

NRA model: "Guns don't kill people, people kill people."

Software tools: facial recognition, deep learning, formal methods?

Civil engineering model: Roads can be used for many purposes,

Software platforms: .NET platform, AWS, AMT and Facebook

Does software maintenance and evolution change the calculus?

Disclaimer: I am not a philosophers, lawyer, or ethicist

Governance: how control platforms-as-tools

CivilServant thesis: software platforms + users function as "digital institutions"

- Need: policy evaluation/program analysis
 - Terms from social science
 - Not to be confused with RL (policy evaluation) or PL (program analysis)

Can also think about governance as an evolving rules-based system to draw the line between platform and tool